

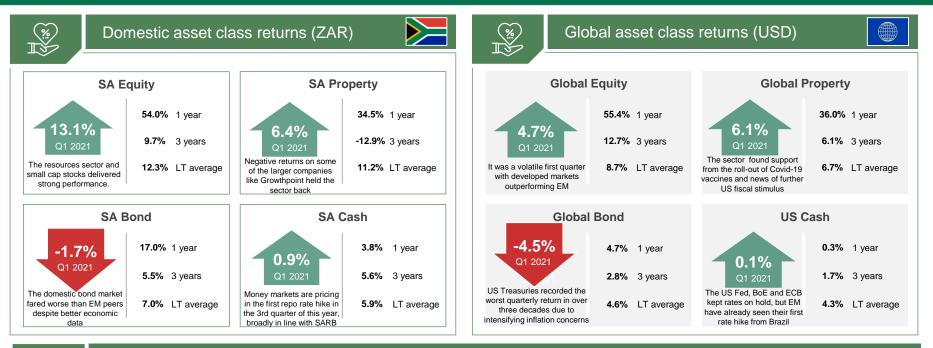
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See money differently

as at 31 March 2021

*Nedgroup Investments XS Select Diversified Fund of Funds will be renamed on the 4th of June 2021

Quarterly report: Nedgroup Investments





Exchange rates (Rand spot rate and quarterly change)



US Dollar R14.77

The local currency is likely to remain erratic, swinging rapidly both stronger and weaker, as global market events continue to impact its direction. However, higher interest rates in emerging market economies while the SARB sits pat could result in rand weakness.



British Pound R20.37

The British pound retreated modestly against the US dollar in March after a sharp rise in February. The pound has rallied to the strong end of its post-Brexit referendum range against the euro, this was also supported in part by its superior vaccine rollout.



Euro R17.35

4%

The rand is firmer against the euro, mainly due to concerns over the bloc's growth prospects amidst the third wave of infections and slow vaccination roll out. Several countries, including Poland, Germany and France, have reintroduced stricter lockdown measures.



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Source: Morningstar; as at 31 March 2021 https://nedgroupinvestmentsmultimanager.com/

Quarterly report: **Nedgroup Investments**



Domestic performance drivers





Highlights

- Our economy grew by +1,5% (q-o-q, not annualised) in the fourth quarter of 2020, exceeding market expectations. The ongoing recovery of trade and manufacturing supported the production side, while lower restriction levels led to higher expenditure on restaurants and other recreational activities.
- SA tax revenues have surprised on the upside with tax receipts for the fiscal year ending Feb'21 ending R38bn above the budget estimate made in mid-February as the economy has rapidly bounced back and the benefits of the commodity price windfall manifests.
- · President Ramaphosa is making progress in confronting corruption with calls for Ace Magashule to step down.



- The local recovery thus far has been fragile, with setbacks of load shedding and a slow rollout of vaccinations doing little to boost confidence.
- Energy regulator NERSA announced further revenue recovery by Eskom, which will result in substantial increases in electricity tariffs for this year. Against this backdrop, the South African Reserve Bank kept interest rates on hold with a vote of 3:2 in January and unanimously voted to again keep rates unchanged at their meeting in March.
- Although the February inflation print came in below expectations, rising oil prices, food inflation and base effect will see inflation tick higher in the coming months.

Global performance drivers



Highlights

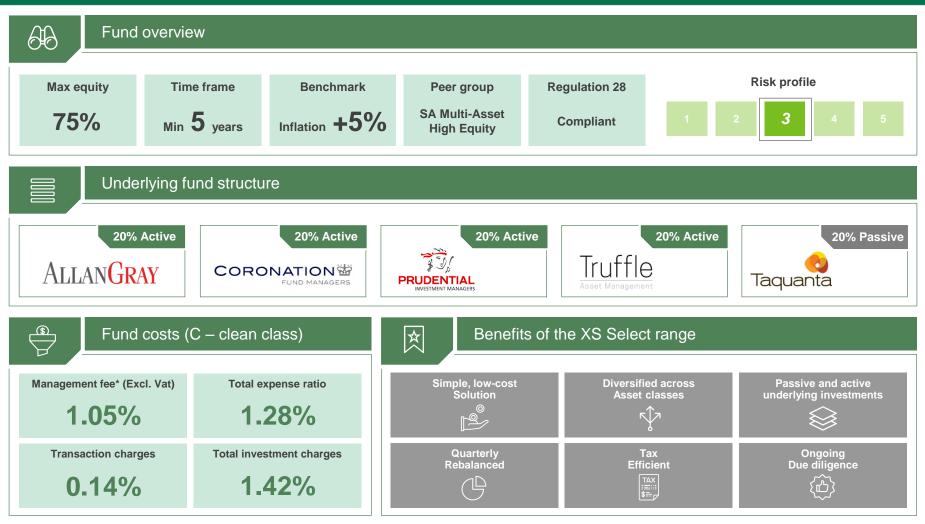
- Manufacturing production around the world has remained resilient, despite continued restriction measures and supply chain disruptions. This has helped mitigate the impact from weaker services sectors and is one of the reasons for more robust economic data in the last months of 2020.
- The OECD joined the ranks of entities that have lifted their economic growth forecasts to account for vaccine rollouts and greater US fiscal stimulus, now expecting global growth of 5,6% in 2021 (up from 4,2%).
- In early March, OPEC+ members surprised markets by keeping output unchanged, despite expectations of higher future demand as economies reopen.



Low points

- · Expectations of a third wave of infections are prevalent, with a resurgence in cases already evidenced in Europe. Several countries in the region, including Poland, Germany and France, have reintroduced stricter lockdown measures.
- Supply chain disruptions have been common over the last year but have increasingly been problematic as demand for goods pick up. A shortage in shipping containers has been a noteworthy pain point for exporters.
- US government debt is mounting with debt-to-GDP forecast to escalate to 125% at the end of 2021 and corporate tax hikes are proposed.



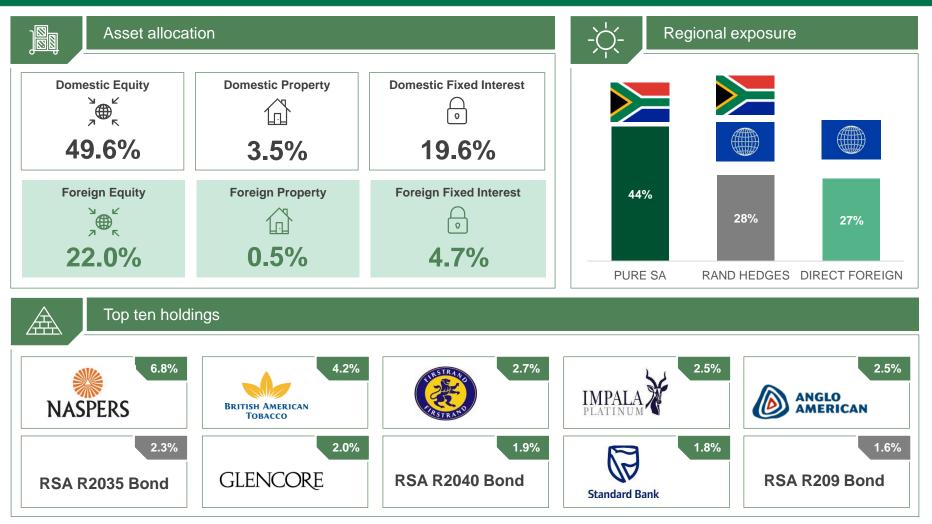


as at 31 March 2021

**Includes BOTH multi-manager and underlying fund fees. Both the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC) of the Fund are calculated on an annualised basis, beginning 1st January 2018 and ending 31st December 2020



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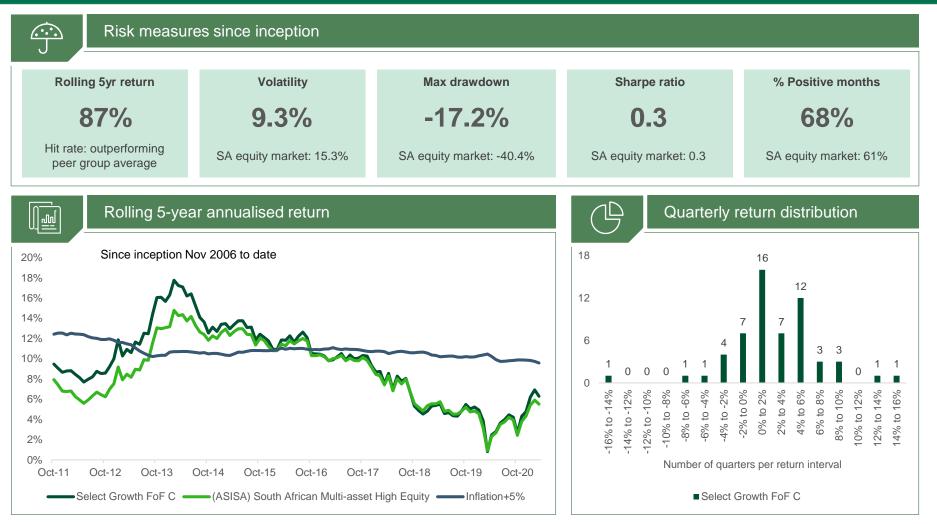


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as at 31 March 2021









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as at 31 March 2021

Underlying fund performa	nce					
Кеу	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	YTD
Allan Gray Balanced	6.3%	13.2%	1.5%	16.6%	12.4%	10.3%
Coronation Balanced Plus	4.7%	12.6%	-2.6%	13.3%	9.4%	9.0%
Nedgroup Investments Balanced	2.4%	12.2%	-3.1%	9.6%	6.6%	9.0%
Nedgroup Investments Core Diversified	1.0%	11.0%	-3.8%	9.0%	3.6%	8.6%
Prudential Balanced	-2.4%	5.3%	-5.9%	6.7%	2.8%	8.0%



Positive contributors this quarter

- Naspers (+17% for the quarter) continued with their share buybacks during the quarter which aided performance and is consistent with their long-term strategy to unlock value.
- Sasol was a welcome addition to the top performing shares after being one of the largest detractors exactly a year ago. The recovery in the oil price from just under \$50/barrel at the end of 2020 to \$60 at the end of the quarter was a large driver of this company's recovery.
- The domestic resource sector (+18%) benefitted from strong commodity prices in the first quarter. Alongside Naspers and Sasol, Impala Platinum (40%), Anglo American (+22%) and Glencore (+24%) make up the fund's top five contributors.



Detractors this quarter

- The rise in U.S. treasury yields brought on by the recovery in economic activity, translated into a poor quarter for local nominal bonds. The fund's exposure to the longer end of the yield curve through government bonds maturing in 2035 and 2040 detracted from performance.
- Standard Bank (-1%) was the worst performer of the big four banks in the first quarter. Despite warning the market that earnings for 2020 are down more than 50%, the results for their financial year ending 31 Dec 2020 still shocked shareholders.
- Anheuser-Busch (-10%), the largest brewery in the world, performed poorly throughout the first quarter. Despite reporting good results for the fourth quarter of 2020, the full year results confirmed a decline in both revenue and total volumes.



	Performance across classes						
	A Class (all in)	B2 Class (lisp)	C Class (clean)	C1 Class (product)	Peer group	SA inflation	
Quarter	9,2%	9,5%	9,5%	9,4%	7,4%	1,2%	
1 year	35,7%	37,5%	37,3%	37,0%	30,7%	2,9%	
3 year	7,3%	8,7%	8,6%	N/A	7,3%	3,9%	
5 year	5,1%	6,5%	6,3%	N/A	5,5%	4,4%	

_	Management fee* (excl. Vat)	Financial planner	Total expense ratio	Transaction charges	Total investment charges
A class (all-in)	2.05%	1.00%	2.42%	0.14%	2.57%
B2 class (lisp)	0.90%	N/a	1.10%	0.14%	1.25%
C class (clean)	1.05%	N/a	1.28%	0.14%	1.42%
C1 class (product)	1.20%	N/a	1.43%	0.14%	1.58%

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