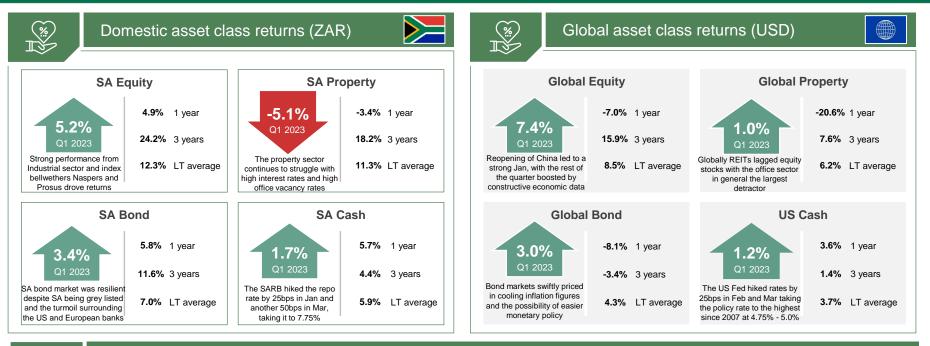


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See money differently

as at 31 March 2023

Quarterly report: **Nedgroup Investments**





4%

Exchange rates (Rand spot rate and quarterly change)



US Dollar R17.74

The rand appreciated by 3.0% against the US dollar in March, supported by hawkish tones from the SARB and a weaker US dollar. However, market confidence towards the rand remains low amid political uncertainty and the delayed response to the energy crisis which is not being adequately addressed.



British Pound R21.94

UK headline CPI increased to 10.4% in February from 10.1% the prior month, setting the scene for the Bank of England (BoE) to increase interest rates by 25bps in March, following a 50bps hike in February. The pound is trading in a narrow band relative to the US dollar, that has weakened in March.



Euro R19.28

The ECB raised interest rates by 50 basis points in both February and March. The Eurozone inflation declined to a one-year low in March. The US dollar depreciated by 2.3% on a trade weighted basis in March, with the euro making up c.60% of this index, leaving the greenback 1.0% weaker over the guarter.



Quarterly report: **Nedgroup Investments**



Domestic performance drivers





Highlights

- The Budget 2023 confirmed a gross tax revenue overrun of R93.7bn relative to the Budget 2022, enabling improved fiscal metrics for the financial year. R9bn was earmarked for incentives to support residential and business investment in rooftop solar.
- The much-anticipated cabinet reshuffle confirmed Dr Ramokgopa as the new Minister of Electricity.
- Public sector wage negotiations concluded with a two-year deal, with an effective increase of 7.5% this year.



_ow points

- Fourth guarter GDP printed at -1.3%, a much lower figure than anticipated. This brings economic growth for 2022 to 2.0% but also reaffirms the poor momentum going into 2023.
- Credit ratings agency, S&P, downgraded the outlook for the sovereign's credit rating to stable from positive, raising concerns about the impact of the energy crises and the state of network industries on economic growth.
- Headline inflation for the year to Feb 2023 increased to 7.0% from 6.9% in Jan 2023, with core inflation increasing to 5.2%. Both figures were higher than market expectations and reflected continued upward pressure in food prices, while annual medical aid tariff increases led to higher core inflation.

Global performance drivers



Highlights

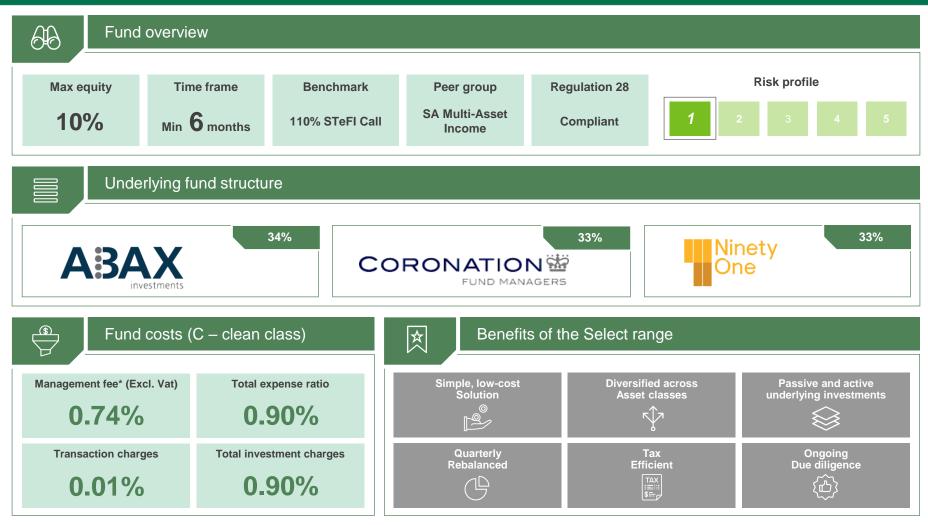
- After some upside surprises in the previous month, headline inflation across several regions continued to moderate as the impact from high energy prices subsided.
- The relaxing of China's zero Covid policy resulted in improved sentiment due to "the Chinese reopening effect". This, and a tapering of China's regulatory clampdown on the tech sector, supported a recovery in Chinese shares.
- US employment data confirmed robust and broad-based job growth, with unemployment recorded at 3.4%, the lowest figure since 1969.



Low points

- The collapse of Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) sparked an exit from depositors and investors, which quickly impacted risk appetite for the broader banking complex and saw bank share prices hit hard. While SVB was a regional bank, largely exposed to the tech sector, with specific nuances, the impact of higher interest rates on their bond holdings and poor sentiment quickly turned a spotlight on other entities with possible vulnerabilities.
- With February marking a year since Russia invaded Ukraine, Russia announced it would cut oil production by 500 000 barrels a day from March in response to price caps imposed by Western countries, while tensions between China and the US regarding alleged surveillance reemphasised that geopolitics remains prominent as an ongoing risk.



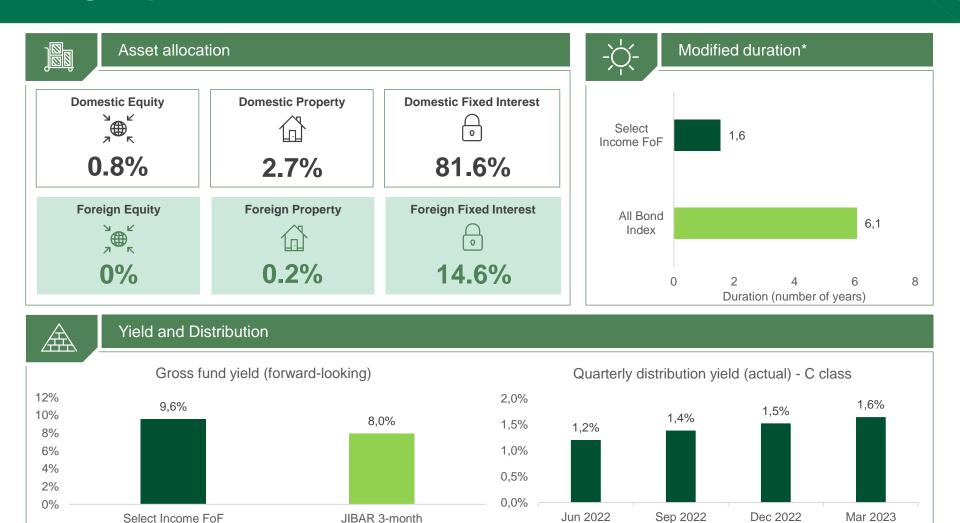


as at 31 March 2023

**Includes BOTH multi-manager and underlying fund fees. Both the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC) of the Fund are calculated on an annualised basis, beginning 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022.



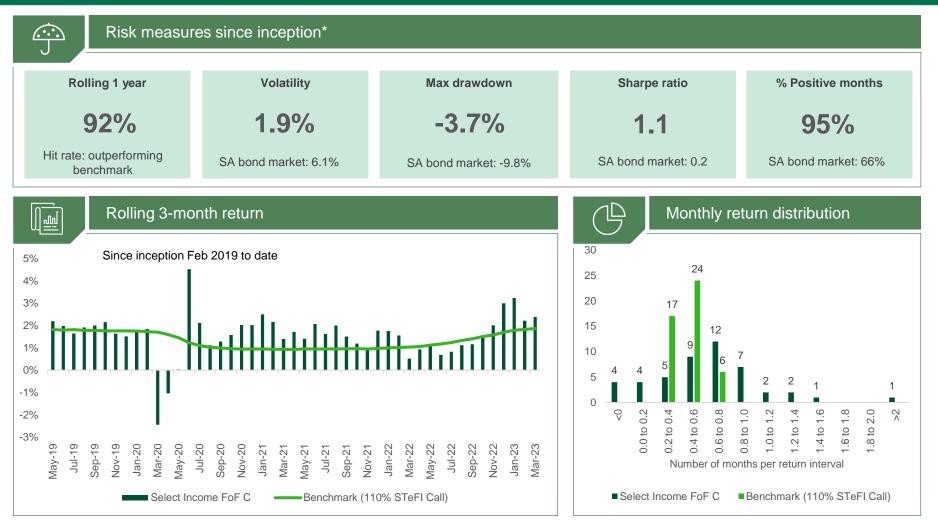
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as at 31 March 2023

The track record of the Select Income FoF displayed here includes the backtested return from 31 October 2012 to 1 February 2019, when the Nedgroup Investments Select Income FoF was launched. The B2-class fee of 0.20% (excl. VAT) was applied to the net returns of the underlying funds, rebalanced quarterly as per the Select FoF process



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Underlying fund performance

Q2 2020 Q4 2020 Q4 2020 Q1 2021 Q2 2021 Q4 2021 Q4 2021 Q1 2022 Q2 2022 Q3 2022 Q4 2022 Q1 2023

Coronation Strategic Income	4.8%	2.0%	2.5%	2.2%	2.6%	1.9%	2.3%	1.0%	0.8%	1.7%	3.6%	2.5%
Nedgroup Investments Flexible Income	3.8%	1.1%	2.1%	1.3%	2.1%	1.4%	2.0%	0.5%	0.6%	1.6%	3.1%	2.4%
Ninety One Diversified Income	3.1%	1.0%	2.0%	0.9%	1.9%	1.4%	1.7%	0.1%	0.2%	1.0%	2.8%	2.3%



Positive contributors this quarter

- The rand weakened 4.3% over the quarter, making it one of the worst performing emerging market currencies. As a result, the direct offshore exposure of the fund (held in US dollar) contributed to performance.
- Performance from nominal bonds (particularly offshore bonds) contributed to performance. Most of the All Bond Index, up 3,4% for the quarter, positive return was driven by a change in the shape of the yield curve, with 7- to 12-year maturities outperforming maturities of more than 12 years, as the latter steepened significantly over the last quarter.
- An increasing yield from floating rate bonds contributed positively to returns, as our rates continue to rise. The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) raised the repo rate by 50bps, moving the policy rate to 7.75% at the March Monetary Policy Committee Meeting.



Detractors this quarter

- Listed property, which makes up less than 3% of the fund, delivered a negative return this quarter. Operational performance will remain in the spotlight as an indicator of the pace and depth of the sector's recovery. The current poor growth outlook, combined with an increase in cost base due to higher administered prices and second-round effects on loadshedding, will weigh on the sector's earnings in the coming year.
- Inflation-linked bonds (ILBs) have continued to lag the performance of the ALBI and cash over the last quarter, up just less than 1% for the quarter. This has been predominantly due to a move higher in real yields in sympathy with nominal bonds and reduced inflation accrual as inflation has been heading lower.
- · Preference shares was also a detracting sector this quarter.



Performance across classes

Coste acrose classes

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	B2 class (lisp)	C class (clean)	C1 class (product)	S class (sip)	Peer group	Benchmark
Quarter	2,4%	2,4%	2,4%	2,4%	2,4%	2,7%
6 month	5,6%	5,5%	5,4%	5,4%	5,3%	3,6%
1 year	7,6%	7,4%	7,3%	7,4%	6,8%	6,3%
3 year	7,8%	7,6%	7,5%	n/a	7,4%	4,8%

_	Management fee* (excl. Vat)	Financial planner	Total expense ratio	Transaction charges	Total investment charges
32 class (lisp)	0.59%	N/a	0.73%	0.01%	0.73%
C class (clean)	0.74%	N/a	0.90%	0.01%	0.90%
C1 class (product)	0.89%	N/a	1.07%	0.01%	1.08%
S class (sip)	0.79%	N/a	0.94%	0.01%	0.95%

as at 31 March 2023 **Includes BOTH multi-manager and underlying fund fees. Both the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC) of the Fund are calculated on an annualised basis, beginning 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022.



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