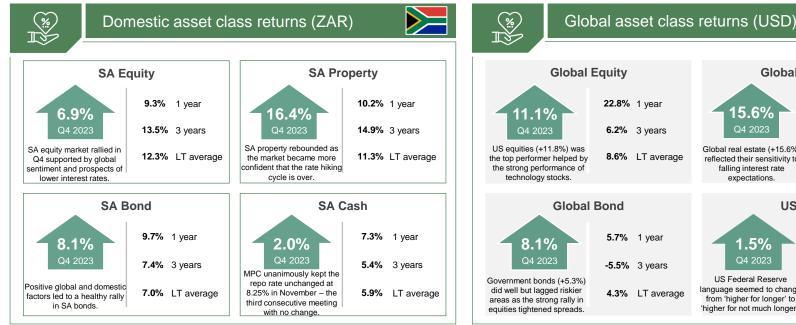


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See money differently

as at 31 December 2023

# Quarterly report: **Nedgroup Investments**







3%

Exchange rates (Rand spot rate and quarterly change)

### US Dollar R18.29

The rand had a strong start relative to the US dollar this guarter as the US Fed maintained rates for a second time and Jerome Powell indicated another hike this year is unlikely. The rand remains under pressure given the state of the SA economy, with resumption of severe power cuts and persistent logistical constraints the major concerns.



### British Pound R23.31

UK inflation moderated more than expected over the period with the Office for National Statistics (ONS) revealing that the consumer prices index had dropped to 3.9% in November. This contributed to hopes that the Bank of England may have finished its series of interest rate hikes.



### Euro R20.20

Higher interest rates have weighed on the eurozone economy. Eurozone GDP fell by 0.1% guarter-onquarter in Q3, Eurostat data showed. The HCOB flash eurozone purchasing managers' index (PMI) fell to 47.0 in December. This suggests that the region's economy is likely to have contracted in Q4 as well.



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# Quarterly report: **Nedgroup Investments**



### Domestic performance drivers



# Highlights

- After a nail-biting Rugby World Cup tournament, the Springboks brought home the Webb Ellis Cup. Resilience, hard work and perseverance gave moments of joy and hope to our nation.
- · Noteworthy developments in the energy landscape included cabinet's approval of the draft Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) 2023, which outlined the intended mix of energy generation for the upcoming years. After some delay, the seventh Bid Window for an additional 5000MW of renewable energy was announced in December.
- SA inflation eased back to 5.5% in November after peaking at 5.9% in October.



\_ow points

- After two consecutive quarters of growth, South African real gross domestic product (GDP) contracted by 0.2% in the third guarter. The agriculture industry declined by 9.6%, driven lower mainly by field crops, animal products and horticulture products. The industry encountered several headwinds in the third guarter, including the outbreak of avian flu and the floods in Western Cape.
- The Medium-Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS) highlighted weaker fiscal metrics, a result of reduced revenues given lower commodity prices and weak economic growth, in addition to expenditure pressures.

### Global performance drivers



Highlights

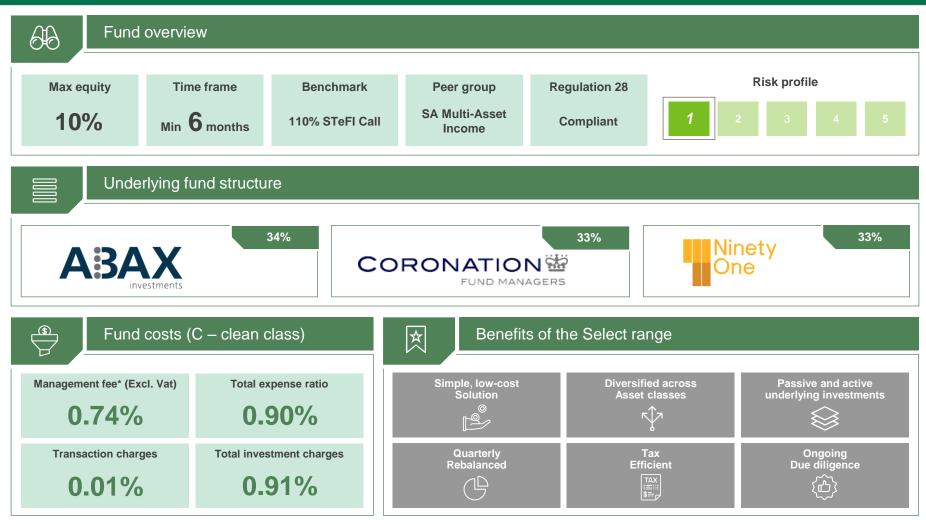
- Continuing signs of falling inflation coming from the US, Eurozone and even the UK, reduced near term concerns surrounding the potential stickiness of inflation (due to tight labour markets).
- · Declining oil prices helped the broader falling inflation picture, and the 'soft landing' growth outlook as high energy prices are a tax on activity.
- Geopolitical risk eased. The Israel Gaza conflict looked like being contained with both sides agreeing to a temporary truce combined with a release of hostages towards the end of November. Signs of easing US -China tensions were also witnessed in November with a meeting between US President Biden and Chinese President Xi Jinping in San Francisco.



### Low points

- · High levels of government spending growth in 2023 will likely detract from US GDP growth going forward. Falling job openings increases the risk of the unemployment rate rising from current low levels which will be negative for consumption.
- China stood out as the underperforming economy and market in 2023 and continues to face significant structural challenges. The Chinese consumer remains depressed and saved more in the first 10 months of 2023, despite the economy opening.



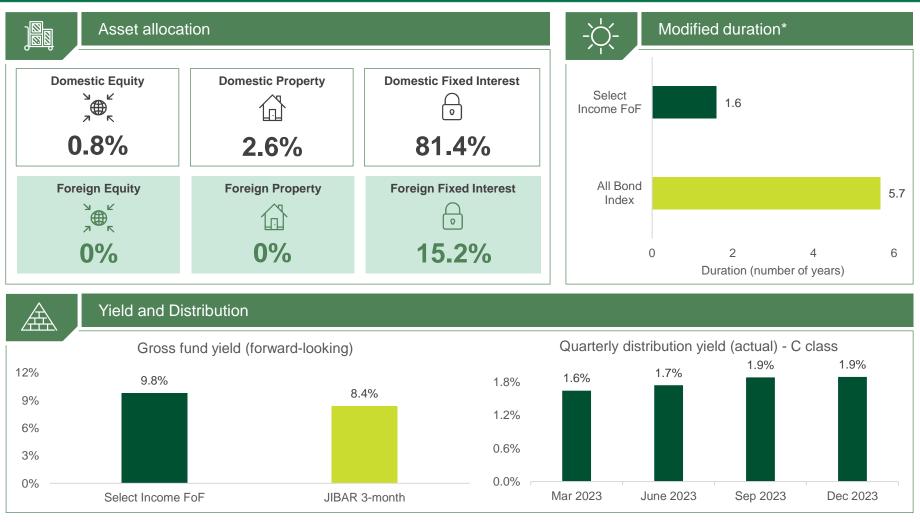


as at 31 December 2023

\*\*Includes BOTH multi-manager and underlying fund fees. Both the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC) of the Fund are calculated on an annualised basis, beginning 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2023.



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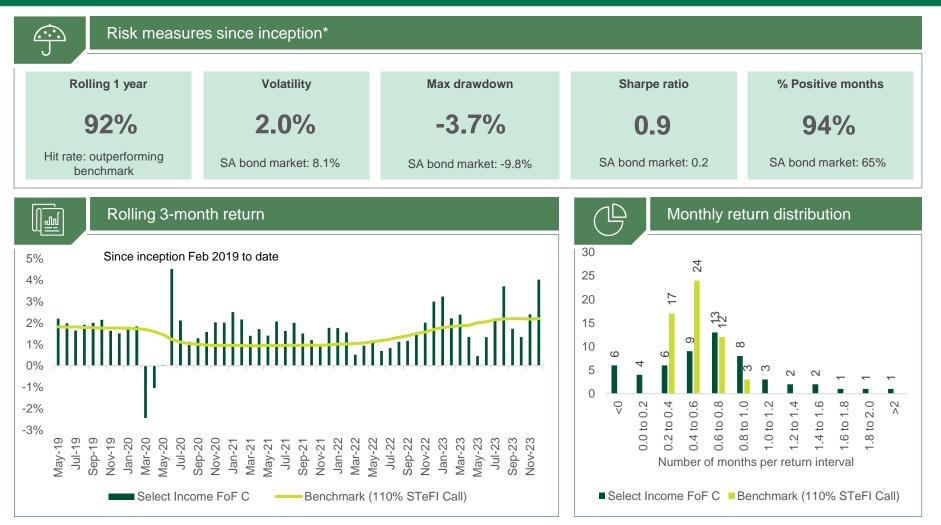








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#### as at 31 December 2023

\*The track record of the Select Income FoF displayed here includes the backtested return from 31 October 2012\* to 1 February 2019, when the Nedgroup Investments Select Income FoF was launched. The B2-class fee of 0.20% (excl. VAT) was applied to the net returns of the underlying funds, rebalanced quarterly as per the Select FoF process



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### Underlying fund performance

| Кеу                                  | Q3 2021 | Q4 2021 | Q1 2022 | Q2 2022 | Q3 2022 | Q4 2022 | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | Q3 2023 | Q4 2023 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Coronation Strategic Income          | 1.9%    | 2.3%    | 1.0%    | 0.8%    | 1.7%    | 3.6%    | 2.5%    | 1.6%    | 2.3%    | 4.4%    |
| Nedgroup Investments Flexible Income | 1.4%    | 2.0%    | 0.5%    | 0.6%    | 1.6%    | 3.1%    | 2.4%    | 1.4%    | 1.8%    | 3.8%    |
| Ninety One Diversified Income        | 1.4%    | 1.7%    | 0.1%    | 0.2%    | 1.0%    | 2.8%    | 2.3%    | 1.4%    | 1.6%    | 3.6%    |



Positive contributors this quarter

- Softer US inflation led to a strong rally in South African government bonds, attracting foreign investors back into our debt instruments. The FTSE/JSE All Bond Index was up 8.1% this quarter and 9.7% for the year – outperforming cash and inflation-linked bonds (ILBs) at 7.8% and 7.1% respectively this year. It was the high starting yields on offer and relative outperformance of the bonds with a maturity of less than 12 years that bolstered the ALBI's returns.
- Inflation-linked bonds (ILBs) rallied in November. The asset class found support in the favourable budget announcement, the rally in global bonds and the reconstitution of the iGOV Index.
- Listed property delivered robust returns this quarter. Despite being less than 3% of the fund, it added meaningfully to performance.
- The yield-enhancing allocation to **investment-grade credit** continued to add value.



Detractors this quarter

- The **US dollar** component of the portfolio was the only exposure that delivered negative returns this quarter, as rand strength detracts from rand denominated performance. The US dollar weakened considerably on growing hopes of the US Federal Reserve pivoting.
- After aggressive interest rate increases by the US Federal Reserve, European Central Bank and Bank of England in 2023, markets are betting that **interest rates hikes are coming to an end** across the board in 2024, as falling inflation and economic pressures are building. All three central banks have put their tightening programs on hold, and the Fed in particular communicated a more dovish stance in its December meeting, showing projections by officials for rates to be 0.75% lower by the end of 2024.



Performance across classes

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|         | B2 class (lisp) | C class (clean) | C1 class (product) | S class (sip) | Peer group | Benchmark |  |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Quarter | 4.1%            | 4.1%            | 4.1%               | 4.1%          | 4.1%       | 4.5%      |  |
| 6 month | 5.9%            | 5.8%            | 5.7%               | 5.8%          | 5.6%       | 4.5%      |  |
| 1 year  | 10.0%           | 9.8%            | 9.6%               | 9.7%          | 9.4%       | 0,00      |  |
| 3 year  | 7.6%            | 7.4%            | 7.2%               | n/a           | 7.2%       | 5.9%      |  |

| _                  | Management fee*<br>(excl. Vat) | Financial<br>planner | Total<br>expense ratio | Transaction<br>charges | Total investment<br>charges |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 32 class (lisp)    | 0.59%                          | N/a                  | 0.73%                  | 0.01%                  | 0.74%                       |
| C class (clean)    | 0.74%                          | N/a                  | 0.90%                  | 0.01%                  | 0.91%                       |
| C1 class (product) | 0.89%                          | N/a                  | 1.07%                  | 0.01%                  | 1.08%                       |
| S class (sip)      | 0.79%                          | N/a                  | 0.96%                  | 0.01%                  | 0.97%                       |

as at 31 December 2023 \*\*Includes BOTH multi-manager and underlying fund fees. Both the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Transaction Costs (TC) of the Fund are calculated on an annualised basis, beginning 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2023.



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